BILL ANALYSIS

Senate Research Center 81R12419 JD-F

S.B. 1984 By: Uresti Transportation & Homeland Security 4/7/2009 As Filed

AUTHOR'S / SPONSOR'S STATEMENT OF INTENT

Physicians often practice in a team model, wherein a physician supervises and delegates to physician assistants (PAs). Under Section 204.202(e) (relating to physician assistants being the agent of a physician for any medical services delegated by that physician and delineated by certain directives of the supervising physician), Occupations Code, a PA acts as the agent of the physician. There are more than 4,500 PAs in Texas who can only practice medicine under the supervision and delegation of a physician. PAs have delegated prescriptive authority from their supervising physician also, Schedules III-V. PAs work within the physician-PA team model in every specialty in medicine, from family practice to neurosurgery, and everything in between.

In many physician practices the patient may only see their PA, especially in rural and medically underserved areas. Like a prescription for medication, a prescription for a handicap parking placard is, for some patients, a medical necessity.

Section 681.001(5) (relating to the definition of "mobility problem that substantially impairs a person's ability to ambulate"), Transportation Code, provides for a written prescription by a licensed physician for a handicap parking placard. The language is restrictive to a licensed physician, such that only a physician is authorized to prescribe a handicap placard. By extending the authority to prescribe handicap parking placards, the Transportation Code is simply being updated to conform to the Physician-PA practice laws of our state. This will ensure that patients of PAs in a Physician-PA practice model will not be delayed in receiving their medically necessary disabled parking privileges.

As proposed, S.B. 1984 authorizes PAs, acting as the agent of a licensed physician, to prescribe handicapped parking placards.

RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

This bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, institution, or agency.

SECTION BY SECTION ANALYSIS

SECTION 1. Amends Section 681.001(5), Transportation Code, as follows:

(5) Redefines "mobility problem that substantially impairs a person's ability to ambulate" to mean that the person has another debilitating condition that limits or impairs the person's ability to walk, in the opinion of a certain physician or a physician assistant licensed to practice in this state acting as the agent of a licensed physician under Section 204.202(e) (relating to physician assistants being the agent of a physician for any medical services delegated by that physician and delineated by certain directives of the supervising physician), Occupations Code. Makes a conforming change.

SECTION 2. Amends Section 681.003(c), Transportation Code, as follows:

(c) Requires that the first application, subject to Subsection (e) (relating to a notarized written statement or written prescription issued by a person licensed to practice podiatry being provided on the behalf of a person with a mobility problem caused by a disorder of the foot), be accompanied by a notarized written statement or written prescription of a certain physician or a physician assistant licensed to practice in this state acting as the

agent of a licensed physician under Section 204.202(e), Occupations Code, certifying and providing evidence acceptable evidence to the Texas Department of Transportation that the person making the application or on whose behalf the application is made is legally blind or has a mobility problem that substantially impairs the person's ability to ambulate. Makes nonsubstantive changes.

SECTION 3. Effective date: Upon passage or September 1, 2009.