BILL ANALYSIS

Senate Research Center 79R15709 UM-F

C.S.H.B. 126
By: Berman (Eltife)
Education
5/13/2005
Committee Report (Substituted)

AUTHOR'S/SPONSOR'S STATEMENT OF INTENT

Currently, the penalty for tampering with a governmental document, including a public school record to establish residency for a student, is a Class A misdemeanor. However, many cases related to fraudulent public school residency documents are not prosecuted due to more serious cases taking precedence.

C.S.H.B. 126 amends the Penal Code to make the penalty for tampering with a governmental record required for the enrollment of a student in public school a Class C misdemeanor. This level of offense can be handled in justice of the peace court rather than only in a higher court which has jurisdiction over Class A misdemeanors. Increasing court access will likely increase enforcement, as a justice of the peace court can issue a citation and fine which would be public record. This may further discourage individuals from tampering with school documents related to establishing residency.

RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

This bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, institution, or agency.

SECTION BY SECTION ANALYSIS

- SECTION 1. Amends Section 37.10(c), Penal Code, as follows:
 - (c)(1) Provides an exception to this subdivision as created by Subdivision (3).
 - (2) Makes no changes to this subdivision.
 - (3) Provides that an offense under this section (Tampering With Governmental Record) is a Class C misdemeanor if it is shown on the trial of the offense that the governmental record is a governmental record that is required for enrollment of a student in a school district and was used by the actor to establish the residency of the student.
- SECTION 2. Makes application of Section 37.10(c), Penal Code, as amended by this Act, prospective.
- SECTION 3. Effective date: upon passage or September 1, 2005.