CHAPTER 411
S.B. No. 356
AN ACT
relating to the audit of court registry funds in certain counties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. Section 117.123, Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 117.123. AUDIT. (a) The [In addition to the regular auditing procedures of the county auditor, the] registry funds shall be audited at the end of each county fiscal year by the county auditor or by an independent certified public accountant or a firm of independent certified public accountants of recognized integrity and ability selected by the commissioners court.

(b) A written report of the audit shall be delivered to the county judge, each county commissioner, and a clerk not later than the 180th day [within 90 days] after the last day of the fiscal year. A copy of the audit shall be kept at the clerk's office and shall be open to inspection by any interested person during normal office hours. The cost of the audit shall be paid by the county.

SECTION 2. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2013.

Passed the Senate on April 4, 2013: Yeas 31, Nays 0; passed the House on May 17, 2013: Yeas 140, Nays 0, two present not voting.

Effective June 14, 2013.

CHAPTER 412
S.B. No. 362
AN ACT
relating to the practice of cosmetology.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. Section 1602.002, Occupations Code, is amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (a-i) to read as follows:

(a) In this chapter, "cosmetology" means the practice of performing or offering to perform for compensation any of the following services:

(1) treating a person's hair by:

   (A) providing any method of treatment as a primary service, including arranging, beautifying, bleaching, cleansing, coloring, cutting, dressing, dyeing, processing, shampooing, shaping, singeing, straightening, styling, tinting, or waving;

   (B) providing a necessary service that is preparatory or ancillary to a service under Paragraph (A), including bobbing, clipping, cutting, or trimming a person's hair or shaving a person's neck with a safety razor; or

   (C) cutting the person's hair as a separate and independent service for which a charge is directly or indirectly made separately from charges for any other service;

(2) weaving or braiding a person's hair;

(3) shampooing and conditioning a person's hair;

(4) servicing a person's wig or artificial hairpiece on a person's head or on a block after the initial retail sale and servicing in any manner listed in Subdivision (1);
(5) treating a person's mustache or beard by arranging, beautifying, coloring, processing, styling, trimming, or shaving with a safety razor;

(6) cleansing, stimulating, or massaging a person's scalp, face, neck, or arms:
   (A) by hand or by using a device, apparatus, or appliance; and
   (B) with or without the use of any cosmetic preparation, antiseptic, tonic, lotion, or cream;

(7) beautifying a person's face, neck, or arms using a cosmetic preparation, antiseptic, tonic, lotion, powder, oil, clay, cream, or appliance;

(8) administering facial treatments;

(9) removing superfluous hair from a person's body using depilatories, preparations, or tweezing techniques;

(10) treating a person's nails by:
   (A) cutting, trimming, polishing, tinting, coloring, cleansing, or manicuring; or
   (B) attaching false nails;

(11) massaging, cleansing, treating, or beautifying a person's hands or feet; or

(12) applying semipermanent, thread-like extensions composed of single fibers to a person's eyelashes.

(a-1) In this section, “safety razor” means a razor that is fitted with a guard close to the cutting edge of the razor that is intended to:

(1) prevent the razor from cutting too deeply; and

(2) reduce the risk and incidence of accidental cuts.

SECTION 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 2013.

Passed the Senate on March 13, 2013: Yeas 31, Nays 0; passed the House on May 17, 2013: Yeas 134, Nays 0, two present not voting.

Effective September 1, 2013.

CHAPTER 413

S.B. No. 377

AN ACT

relating to the determination of certain exemptions from the administration of state assessment instruments to public school students.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. Section 39.027, Education Code, is amended by adding Subsection (a-2) to read as follows:

(a-2) Unless a student is enrolled in a school in the United States for a period of at least 60 consecutive days during a year, the student may not be considered to be enrolled in a school in the United States for that year for the purpose of determining a number of years under Subsection (a)(1), (2), or (3).

SECTION 2. Subsection (a-2), Section 39.027, Education Code, as added by this Act, applies to a student regardless of the date on which the student initially enrolled in a school in the United States.

SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2013.

Passed the Senate on May 1, 2013: Yeas 31, Nays 0; the Senate concurred in House amendment on May 16, 2013: Yeas 29, Nays 0; passed the House, with amendment, on May 10, 2013: Yeas 135, Nays 1, two present not voting.