HOUSE RESEARCH ORGANIZATION		1929 Rose
SUBJECT:	Allowing certain counties to pay to transport senior citizens and others	
COMMITTEE:	County Affairs — favorable, without amendment	
VOTE:	7 ayes — Coleman, Farias, Burrows, Romero, Schubert, Spitzer, Wu	
	2 nays — Stickland, Tinderholt	
WITNESSES:	For — Craig Pardue, Dallas County; (<i>Registered, but did not testify</i> : Charles Reed, Dallas County Commissioners Court; Rick Thompson, Texas Association of Counties; Josh Gravens, Texas Citizens United for Rehabilitation of Errants (CURE); Donald Lee, Texas Conference of Urban Counties; Bradford Shields, Travis County Commissioners Court)	
	Against — None	
BACKGROUND:	Under Local Government Code, sec. 615.022, the Harris County Commissioners Court may use county general funds to pay for transportation of senior citizens for civic, community, educational, and recreational activities within and outside the county.	
DIGEST:	HB 1929 would expand the authorization to use county general funds for the transportation of senior citizens for civic, community, educational, an recreational activities to include Dallas County, in addition to Harris County.	d
	The bill also would allow the expenses paid out of the county general funds by the commissioners courts of Dallas and Harris counties to cover transportation to these activities for residents and visitors, more generally if a majority of the costs paid were for the transportation of senior citizens.	
	The bill would take effect September 1, 2015.	
SUPPORTERS SAY:	HB 1929 would allow Dallas County to fund costs associated with senior citizen transportation to sponsored health fairs and county wellness	

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centers, which could improve senior citizens' health and save money in the long run. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, almost 10 percent of Dallas County's population is over the age of 65.

The senior citizen population is particularly vulnerable to certain illnesses and conditions. Some health issues can be prevented or minimized by early medical intervention, including vaccinations, health screenings, and eye checkups. Sponsored health fairs and county wellness centers can offer these services, but the senior citizen population must have transportation access to reach these destinations. This bill would allow Dallas County to pay to transport its elderly residents to obtain these types of services.

Transportation-related expenses, such as gas or van rentals, are small compared to the significant cost of emergency care services, which a senior citizen might need if a condition goes undetected or untreated. Keeping the elderly population out of the emergency rooms of county hospitals by providing them with transportation to obtain preventive care would be cost-effective and would be better for senior citizens.

HB 1929 would not be mandatory and would support local control. Dallas County needs statutory authority to provide this type of service to their senior citizens. HB 1929 would give local authority so that Dallas County could decide if this type of service should be offered.

OPPONENTS By expanding authorization to use county general funds for the transportation of senior citizens and others and expanding authorization to Dallas County, HB 1929 could create an added cost that might become a burden to the county and its residents.